Irish Aviation Authority

The Times Building 11–12 D'Olier Street Dublin 2, Ireland www.iaa.ie

Safety Regulation Division

Údarás Eitlíochta na hÉireann

Foirgneamh na hAmanna I I–I2 Sráid D'Olier Baile Átha Cliath 2, Éire

Rannán na Rialachán Sábháilteachta

AERONAUTICAL NOTICE

4

No. A.23

ISSUE

DATE 06.09.19



FIRE PRECAUTIONS - CARGO COMPARTMENTS

The Irish Aviation Authority in pursuance of Articles 17(3) and 31 of the Irish Aviation Authority (Airworthiness of Aircraft) Order, 1996 (S.I. 324 of 1996), as amended by Irish Aviation Authority (Airworthiness of Aircraft) (Amendment) Order S.I. No. 102 of 1997, as amended by Irish Aviation Authority (Airworthiness of Aircraft) (Amendment) Order S.I. No 684 of 2003, hereby directs that, where not subject to corresponding and applicable provisions under Regulation (EU) No. 748/2012, as amended which are currently effective the following shall apply: -

This Notice shall apply to an Irish registered aeroplane of more than 5700 kg maximum total weight authorised, certificated in the Transport Category and for which a type certificate was first issued after 1st January 1958. In the case of new aircraft, the standards of the relevant requirement, in accordance with Aeronautical Notice A1, shall apply.

- a) Each compartment shall be designed so that, when used for storing cargo or baggage, it meets the following requirements: -
 - No compartment may include controls, wiring, lines, equipment, or accessories that would, upon damage or failure, affect the safe operation of the aircraft unless the item is adequately shielded, isolated or otherwise protected, so that it cannot be damaged by movement of cargo in the compartment and so that damage to or failure of the item would not create a fire hazard in the compartment.
 - 2. Cargo or baggage may not interfere with the functioning of the fire-protect features of the compartment.
 - 3. Materials used in the construction of the compartments, including tie-down equipment, must be at least flame resistant.
 - 4. Each compartment shall include provisions for safeguarding against fires according to the classification set forth in paragraphs (b) through (f) of this section. In addition, for aeroplanes type certificated on or after 2nd March 2004;
 - each cargo compartment accessible to a crew member in a passengercarrying aeroplane shall be equipped with a fire suppression system,
 - each cargo compartment not accessible to a crew member shall be equipped with a built-in fire detection system and a built-in fire starvation or suppression system.
- (b) Class A: Cargo and baggage compartments are classified in the 'A' category if: -
 - 1. A fire therein would be readily discernible to a member of the crew while at his station; and
 - 2. All parts of the compartment are easily accessible in flight.

There must be a hand fire extinguisher available for each Class A compartment.

- (c) Class B: Cargo and baggage compartments are classified in 'B' category if enough access is provided while in flight to enable a member of the crew to effectively reach all of the compartment and its contents with a hand fire extinguisher and the compartment is so designed that, when the access provisions are being used, no hazardous amount of smoke, flames, or extinguishing agent enters any compartment occupied by the crew or passengers. Each Class B compartment must comply with the following: -
 - 1. It must have a separate approved smoke or fire detector system to given warning at the pilot or flight engineer station.
 - 2. There must be a hand fire extinguisher available for the compartment.
 - 3. It must be lined with fire-resistant material, except that additional service lining of flame- resistant material may be used.
- (d) Class C: Cargo and baggage compartments are classified in the 'C' category if they do not conform with the requirements for the 'A', 'B', 'D' or 'E' categories. Each Class 'C' compartment must comply with the following.
 - 1. It must have a separate approved smoke or fire detector system to give warning at the pilot or flight engineer station.
 - 2. It must have an approved built-in fire extinguishing system controlled from the pilot or flight engineer station.
 - 3. It must be designed to exclude hazardous quantities of smoke, flames, or extinguishing agents from entering into any compartment occupied by the crew or passengers.
 - 4. It must have ventilation and draft controlled such that the extinguishing agent provided can control any fire that may start in the compartment.
 - 5. It must be lined with fire-resistant material, except that additional service lining of flame-resistant material may be used.
- (e) Class D: Cargo and baggage compartments are classified in the 'D' category if they are so designed and constructed that a fire occurring therein will be completely confined without endangering the safety of the aircraft or the occupants. Each Class D compartment must comply with the following: -
 - 1. It must have a means to exclude hazardous quantities of smoke, flames, or noxious gases from entering any compartment occupied by the crew or passengers.
 - 2. Ventilation and drafts must be controlled within each compartment so they any fire likely to occur in the compartment will not progress beyond safe limits.
 - 3. It must be completely lined with fire-resistant material.
 - 4. Consideration must be given to the effect of heat within the compartment on adjacent critical parts of the aircraft.
- (f) Class E: On aircraft used for the carriage of cargo only, the cabin area may be classified as a Class 'E' compartment. Each class E compartment must comply with the following: -
 - 1. It must be completely lined with fire-resistant material.
 - 2. It must have a separate system of an approved type for smoke or fire detection to give warning at the pilot or flight engineer station.

- 3. It must have a means to shut off the ventilation air flow to or within the compartment and the controls for that means must be accessible to the flight crew in the crew compartment.
- 4. It must have a means to exclude hazardous quantities of smoke, flames, or noxious gases from entering the flight crew compartment.
- 5. Required crew emergency exits must be accessible under all cargo loading conditions.

This notice replaces Aeronautical Notice A.23 at issue 3, which should be discarded.

Chief Executive Irish Aviation Authority