

1 INTRODUCTION

Modern air navigation systems use longitudinal and latitudinal designated points, identified either by a unique pronounceable or alphanumeric Five Letter Name Code (5LNC).

This guidance is to assist the proponent in the submission of waypoint suggestions to the Safety Regulation Division of the Irish Aviation Authority and to explain the use and application of both naming options.

Any requests for further information or observations on this ASAM should be forwarded to ansdinfo@iaa.ie

2 REFERENCES

ICAO Annex 11 – Air Traffic Services

ICAO Doc 8168 Vol II - Procedures for Air Navigation Services, Construction of Visual and Instrument Flight Procedures

3 DEFINITIONS

<u>ATS route</u> - A specified route designed for channelling the flow of traffic as necessary for the provision of air traffic services.

Note - An ATS route is defined by route specifications that include an ATS route designator, the track to or from significant points (waypoints), distance between significant points, reporting requirements and, as determined by the appropriate ATS authority, the lowest safe altitude.

ICARD ICAO International Codes and Routes Designators

ICARD Public User - Members of the public who can access part of the ICARD application without prior registration

ICARD Authorised User - The ICARD authorized users are nominated by their State. IAA SRD (Pans-Ops & Airspace Inspector) is the ICARD authorised user for Ireland

<u>The Proponent</u> - An entity or an individual proposing a change to the airspace architecture

<u>Significant point</u> - A specified geographical location used in defining an ATS route or the flight path of an aircraft and for other navigation and ATS purposes.



Note - There are three categories of significant points: ground-based navigation aid, intersection and waypoint. In the context of this definition, intersection is a significant point expressed as radials, bearings and/or distances from ground-based navigation aids.

<u>Strategic Waypoints</u> - Where the waypoint is used strategically (i.e. part of the route structure itself) and is likely to be used routinely in RTF exchanges, a standard ICAO 5LNC is allocated.

<u>Tactical waypoints</u> - A waypoint that is intended for use on a tactical basis, but still needing to be contained in the navigation database for procedure definition purposes other than as an ATS significant point, is allocated an alphanumeric designator.

<u>Waypoint (WPT)</u> - A specified geographical location used to define an area navigation route or the flight path of an aircraft employing area navigation. Waypoints are identified as either:

<u>Fly-by waypoint</u>: A waypoint which requires turn anticipation to allow tangential interception of the next segment of a route or procedure,

or

Flyover waypoint: A waypoint at which a turn is initiated in order to join the next segment of a route or procedure.

4 DETAIL

Where a significant point is required at a position not marked by the site of a radio navigation aid, the significant point shall be designated by a unique pronounceable or alphanumeric five letter name code.

The pronounceable Five Letter (ICARD) designator is for **ATC purposes** and shall be selected so as to avoid any difficulties in pronunciation by pilots or ATS personnel when using radio telephone (RTF). The name-code designator shall be easily recognisable in voice communications and shall be free of ambiguity with other significant points used in the same general area.

The alphanumeric five letter "name code" is for **Flight Management System (FMS) purposes** and must not be used for ATC purposes.



If there is a need to alter the purpose/usage of a WPT or a significant point, a new name-code designator (either a pronounceable or alphanumeric) must be assigned. In cases when an ANSP wishes to keep the allocation of a specific name-code (either a pronounceable or alphanumeric) for re-use at a different location, such name-codes shall not be used by the state for a period of at least six months.

ICAO ICARD Database

Public users have access to a limited number of functionalities to query the content of the database maintained by the staff of ICAO.

Only authorised users can make use of the application for reserving new codes from the reserved list of 140,000 codes while ensuring worldwide uniqueness. Authorised users will receive acknowledgment of their request from ICAO

You need to register yourself on the ICAO Portal to gain access to the non-public part as a public user.

New ICAO Portal User: Account Creation

Please follow the instructions below to gain access to the online site and subscribe to the ICARD group.

Access the ICAO Portal at the following link: <u>http://portal.icao.int/</u>

Since you do NOT have a Portal username/password, click the REQUEST AN ACCOUNT option.

Click the OK button on the pop-up message to indicate this is your first Portal account.

This window then appears

G ICAO Portal - Internet Explorer	
http://portal.icao.int/GroupNameEntry.aspx	
Group Subscription request	* Fields are mandatory
Group Name	
Please enter a group name you wish to subscribe *	

Enter ICARD as the requested group

The new user registration window now appears

Enter the necessary information in the New User Account form.

Click the SUBMIT REQUEST button



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Policy on Naming of Significant Points

When these steps are completed, you will receive confirmation that you have been granted or denied access (if granted, the email will include your username and password).

Group Subscription Request

Please follow the instructions below to subscribe to a group.

Log on to <u>http://portal.icao.int/</u> with your secure site login credentials.

Click on the PROFILE link on the right hand top corner.

A new window pops up, click on GROUP SUBSCRIBE/UNSUBSCRIBE in the left side menu.

Enter the group name you are requesting access for in the SUBSCRIBE TO field and the JUSTIFICATION for your request.

Click the SUBMIT CHANGES button.

When these steps are completed, you will receive an email confirmation that you have been granted or denied access to the group in question.

You will be already be subscribed to the ICARD group

When you enter ICARD application you will see this interface

TICAU	SECURE PORTAL	Search this site
ICAO Secure Portal	ICAO Public Sita Profile	
	KG40. Secure Partal + KG4RD + SUIC	
ICARD Home	5LNC	
ICARD Registration	International Codes and Routes Designators	
SLNC	international Codes and Routes Designators	
5LNC Contacts	Five Letter Name-Codes for Designated Points	Five-Letter Name-Code
5LNC Application Updates	Plots need physical air navigation aids to reach their final destination. However, with modern air navigation systems being based on longitude and latitude readings, air notes are being more frequently defined by logical designated points, identified by a unique Five-Letter Name-Code (SLNC) and a longitude / latitude position (e.g. TULIP S2*22N 3*5*E in the Netherlands).	—— System –
6LNC Geographical Chart	The SUNC codes are drawn from a set of pre-defined five inter combinations generated by ICAO and the FAA is the 1969's. This list was then split and diabibuted to the various ICAO Regional offices throughout the word. These reserve first have since formed the base to SUAC allocation by the ICAO Offices with the objective of words wide unique allocation to enable unambiguous designation of significant poles into linke to the site of a Alaco Navigation Ald.	
ATS Route Designators	ANNEX 11 APPENDIX 2. Principles governing the establishment and identification of significant points	
Calendar	With reference to Amendment 45 to Annex 11, effective from the associated adoption date of 22 November 2007, airspace planners are reminded to adhere to the alteration to the governing ICAO	
Shared Documents	provisions and refrain from relocating any waypoint without allocating it a new SUNC as indicated in the extract below. "The name-code designator assigned to a significant point shall not be assigned to any other significant point. When there is a need to relocate a significant point, a new name-code designator	
Team Discussion	shall be chosen. In cases when a State wishes to keep the allocation of specific name-codes for re-use at a different location, such name-codes shall not be used until after a period of at least six months." (Chapter 2, Section 2.13, §3.4 refers)	
Tasks	The Tool	
ICAO Secure Portal	Public users have access to a limited number of functionalities to goiny the context of the database maintained by the stall of ICAO. Only authorized runns can make use of the application for reserving new codes from the reserve list of 140000 codes while ensuring worldwide uniqueness. They will receive acknowledgeset of their request term ICAO.	
	SLNC - for public users SLNC - for authorized users	
	New users	
	No registration is required to access the public part of the application. But if you are a newcomer to the ICARD application and require privilege access to the application to activate the reservation functions, please follow this link to register on the ICAO Portal website and contact your ICAO Regional office after you are registered.	

Select the 5LNC option from the left hand panel. Scroll down the page and select 5LNC - for public users





When the above window appears select

Find 5LNC In Reserve List from the options in the left hand panel

The interface now allows the user to search for available 5LNCs

How to reset your password

Access the Secure Portal: to http://portal.icao.int/

Click the CANNOT LOGIN link.

Enter your full email address in the USER ID OR EMAIL ID field. Click the SUBMIT button.

You will be presented your password hint question. Enter the answer to your hint question in the ANSWER field. Click the SUBMIT button.

A new password should be emailed to you shortly



Pronounceable Five Letter (5LNC) designator

(Enroute Point, Final Point SID, Initial Waypoint STAR, Common Way Points, Holding Point, Initial Approach Fix, Intermediate Approach Fix, Merge Point and Points used for ATC Purposes)

The application of the pronounceable five letter name code (For ATC purposes) is based upon guidance contained within Doc 8168.

ICARD Registration International Codes and Routes Designators Procedure

Interrogate the ICARD Public User site for suitable codes. Send an email request to IAA Safety Regulation Division (<u>ansdinfo@iaa.ie</u>) with a complete list of the points offered by the ICARD system to include the following for each:

- ICARD Name Code
- Coordinates in dd mm ss.ssss
- Purpose
- Function
- Remarks
- ATS Route or other Route
- Add Any Coordinating Country
- the method used to define the position i.e. intersection of airway, centre lines, radials and distances from VOR's;
- WGS-84 geographical coordinates for positions are specified in degrees, minutes and seconds and thousands of seconds.

SRD (Pans-Ops & Airspace Inspector) will interrogate ICARD for the name codes requested and reserve them if appropriate. When ICAO approves the Name Codes request SRD (Pans Ops & Airspace Inspector) will forward a copy to the proponent for their records;

SRD will also

- Ensure ICARD Name-Codes are promulgated in accordance with the AIRAC cycle;
- ensure codes for positions on FIR/UIR boundaries are coordinated with neighbouring states;
- Check for proximity of similarly sounding/spelt codes within Ireland or adjoining airspace.
 (Note; this is essential to avoid misunderstandings between ATC, aircrew, flight management and flight planning systems);



Alphanumeric five letter name code (5LNC)

(Terminal RNAV, Final Approach Fix/Point Step Down Fix and Missed Approach Point)

The application of alphanumeric five letter name code (For Flight Management System purposes) is based upon guidance contained within Doc 8168. The naming convention in Ireland is as follows:-

- ✓ AANNN
 - > AA the last two letters of the aerodrome ICAO locator
 - > NNN A numeric code from 000 to 999
- ✓ Example:
 - > AA=DW for EIDW (Dublin)
 - ➢ NNN=123
 - > AANNN = DW123